Financial Statements of

# THE MUNICIPALITY OF MCDOUGALL

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2020

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality") are the responsibility of the Municipality's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in note 1 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Municipality's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by Management.

Council meets with Management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditors' Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's financial statements.

Tim Hunt

Chief Administrative Officer



KPMG LLP Claridge Executive Centre 144 Pine Street Sudbury Ontario P3C 1X3 Canada Telephone (705) 675-8500 Fax (705) 675-7586

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Municipality of McDougall

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020
- the statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the statements of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and accumulated surplus, its changes in net financial assets (debt) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, internal omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality's to cease to continue as a going concern.



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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Canada January 12, 2022

KPMG LLP

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Year ended December 31, 2020

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Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020		2019
Financial Assets			
Cash	\$ 4,443,300	\$	3,097,196
User charges receivable	114,241	·	101,738
Taxes receivable (note 2)	470,687		522,985
Accounts receivable	260,874		502,347
Water capital debenture (note 6)	68,615		104,125
	5,357,717		4,328,391
Financial Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	760,399		701,450
Accrued landfill closure costs (note 7)	948,000		763,000
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 4)	124,079		75,303
Long-term debt (note 8)	1,631,379		2,062,726
	3,463,857		3,602,479
Net financial assets	 1,893,860		725,912
Non-financial Assets			
Tangible capital assets (note 9)	42,403,408		43,455,180
Prepaid expenses	16,832		27,632
	 42,420,240		43,482,812
Accumulated surplus (note 10)	\$ 44,314,100	\$	44,208,724

Approved by:	
W.	
INC.	Mavor

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	Budget 2020	Actual 2020	Actual 2019
	(note 5)	 1.44 4. 31	
Revenue:			
Taxation	\$ 4,464,465	\$ 4,457,529	\$ 4,320,031
Fees and user charges	1,667,752	2,000,206	1,739,050
Government grants	1,169,966	1,427,624	1,970,465
Investment income	45,000	34,362	63,695
Other	100,000	153,657	102,506
Gain (loss) on sale of tangible			
capital assets	-	 (227,020)	 (14,757)
Total revenue	7,447,183	7,846,358	8,180,990
Expenses:			
General government	1,188,372	1,146,544	1,122,684
Protection of persons and property	1,217,966	1,249,129	1,159,155
Transportation services	2,387,432	2,301,218	2,479,105
Environmental services	1,804,242	1,882,294	1,968,599
Health services	318,522	309,219	302,059
Social and family services	449,707	447,325	444,957
Recreational and cultural services	376,948	357,083	417,142
Planning and development	66,000	48,170	39,044
Total expenses	7,809,189	 7,740,982	7,932,745
Annual surplus (deficit)	 (362,006)	 105,376	248,245
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	44,208,724	44,208,724	43,960,479
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 43,846,718	\$ 44,314,100	\$ 44,208,724

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	Budget 2020	2020	2019
	(note 5)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (362,006)	\$ 105,376	\$ 248,245
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(992,046)	(896,276)	(1,508,014)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,720,462	1,720,462	1,610,986
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	-	227,020	14,757
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	-	566	51,925
Change in prepaid expenses	 _	10,800	 7,278
Change in net financial assets	366,410	1,167,948	425,177
Net financial assets, beginning of year	725,912	725,912	300,735
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 1,092,322	\$ 1,893,860	\$ 725,912

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	 2020		2019
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities:			
Annual surplus	\$ 105,376	\$	248,245
Items not involving cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,720,462		1,610,986
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	227,020		14,757
Change in landfill closure and post-closure liability	 185,000		361,000
	2,237,858		2,234,988
Change in non-cash assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable	52,298		(56,229)
Decrease (increase) in user charges receivable	(12,503)		3,793
Decrease in accounts receivable	241,473		76,736
Decrease in prepaid expenses	10,800		7,278
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable			
and accrued liabilities	58,949		(49,090)
Increase in deferred revenue			
- obligatory reserve funds	 48,776		18,442
Net change in cash from operating activities	2,637,651		2,235,918
Financing activities:			
Principal repayments on net long-term liabilities	(431,347)		(421,145)
Investing activities:			
Principal repayments received on water capital debenture	35,510		33,662
Capital activities:			
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	566		51,925
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	 (896,276)		(1,508,014)
Net change in cash from capital activities	(895,710)		(1,456,089)
Net change in cash	1,346,104	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	392,346
Cash, beginning of year	3,097,196		2,704,850
Cash, end of year	\$ 4,443,300	\$	3,097,196

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2020

The Municipality of McDougall (the "Municipality") is a single-tier municipal corporation located in the District of Parry Sound, Ontario. It conducts it's operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and other related legislation.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

#### (a) Reporting entity:

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and fund balances of the reporting entity. The following joint board is not consolidated:

Parry Sound Area Industrial Park

#### (b) Basis of accounting:

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### (c) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the tangible capital asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land and landfill sites, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Useful Life - Years
Land improvements	10
Buildings	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 20
Roads, bridges and culverts	15 - 75
Water and sewer	20 - 30

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Tangible capital assets (continued):

Annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(i) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(ii) Natural resources

Natural resources that have not been purchased are not recognized as assets in the financial statements.

(iii) Works of art and cultural and historic assets

Works of art and cultural and historic assets are not recorded as assets in these financial statements.

(iv) Interest capitalization

The Municipality capital asset policy does not allow for the capitalization of interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of tangible capital assets.

#### (d) Revenue recognition:

The Municipality prepares tax billings based on assessment rolls issued by Municipal Property Assessment Corporation, in accordance with rates established and approved annually by Council and the Province of Ontario. Taxation revenue is recognized in the period in which the taxes are levied.

Government transfers are recognized in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, provided that the transfer is authorized and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Government grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection can be reasonably assured.

User fees and other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and fees are fixed or determinable. Amounts received for future services are deferred until the service is provided.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation allowances for taxes and user charges receivable, accounts receivable, and estimating provisions for accrued liabilities and landfill closure and post-closure liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

In addition, the Municipality's implementation of the Public Sector Accounting Handbook PS3150 has required management to make estimates of historical cost and useful lives of tangible capital assets.

#### (f) School boards:

The Municipality collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards. The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these financial statements.

#### (g) Solid waste management liabilities:

The liability for closure of operational site and post-closure care has been recognized based on estimated future expenses, estimated inflation and the usage of the site's capacity during the year.

#### (h) Pensions and employee benefits:

The Municipality accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan. Vacation entitlements are accrued for as entitlements are earned.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 2. Taxes receivable:

	2020	2019
Current	\$ 205,028	\$ 269,060
Past due	230,056	213,972
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,000)	(10,000)
Penalties and interest	45,603	49,953
	\$ 470,687	\$ 522,985

#### 3. Credit facilities:

The Municipality has available a \$700,000 (2019 - \$700,000) demand line of credit. This unsecured line of credit bears interest at the bank's prime rate. At December 31, 2020, \$Nil (2019 - \$Nil) has been drawn against this facility.

#### 4. Deferred revenue:

	De	cember 31, 2019	ntributions received	Interest received	D	ecember 31, 2020
Parkland reserves	\$	75,303	\$ 27,285	\$ 1,491	\$	104,079
Deferred revenue		-	20,000	-		20,000
	\$	75,303	\$ 47,285	\$ 1,491	\$	124,079

#### 5. Budget:

The budget was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results (Public Sector Accounting Standards). As a result, the budget figures presented in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus required the following adjustments:

Budget surplus per financial plan	\$ -
Add:	
Budgeted loan principal payments	376,500
Budgeted capital expenditures	1,342,046
Transfers to (from) reserve	(175,090)
Less:	
Amortization	(1,720,462)
Landfill adjustment	(185,000)
Budget deficit per financial statements	\$ (362,006)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 6. Nobel water system capital upgrade:

The Municipality completed the capital project to provide water to 347 users in the community of Nobel.

Each unit was charged an equal amount of \$3,000 with the option to pay the full amount up front or over the term of the debenture. The debenture is collected in equal bi-monthly installments as added into the current water billing. The debenture is to be collected over 15 years for residential users and 5 years for commercial users.

The annual payment collected by the Municipality including principal and interest is \$40,315. The balance receivable on December 31, 2020 is \$68,615 (2019 - \$104,125).

#### 7. Landfill closure and post-closure liability:

The Environmental Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a twenty-five year period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenses, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

Estimated total expenses represent the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care activities discounted at the Municipality's long-term borrowing rate of 2.31% and the discounted future cash flows for post-closure care activities at the 10-year running average inflation rate for Non-Residential Building Construction Price Indices of 2.69%. The estimated total landfill closure and post-closure care expenses are calculated to be \$3,122,695. The estimated liability for these expenses is recognized as the landfill site's capacity is used. At December 31, 2020, an amount of \$948,000 (2019 - \$763,000) with respect to landfill closure and post-closure liabilities has been accrued.

The estimated remaining capacity of the landfill site is 70% of its total estimated capacity and its estimated remaining life is approximately 25 years. The period for post-closure care is estimated to be 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 8. Long-term debt:

The balance of long-term debt is comprised of the following:

		2020	2019
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation due February 2031, repayable in blended monthly			
payments of \$10,323 at an interest rate of 2.95% per annum	\$ 1,08	6,916	\$ 1,177,274
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation due July 2022, repayable in blended monthly payments			
of \$24,838 at an interest rate of 1.95%	46	4,340	750,312
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation, due October 2022, repayable in semi-annual blended paymen of \$20,448 at an interest rate of 5.07% per annum		6,861	112,500
Loan payable to Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation, due February 2021, repayable in blended monthly		,	·
payments of \$1,634 at an interest rate of 1.67% per annum		3,262	22,640
	\$ 1,63	1,379	\$ 2,062,726
The principal repayments are as follows:			
2004	\$	425,38	9
2021		307,97	7
2021		201,21	
		98,70	
2022			8
2022 2023		98,70	8 0
2022 2023 2024		98,70 101,66	8 0 0

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2020

### 9. Tangible capital assets:

	Balance at		77 11 21 21 21			Balance at
	December 31,					December 31.
Cost	2019	 Additions	Disposals	Transfers		2020
Land \$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	3,410,971
Land improvements	7,319,375	105,878	•	-		7,425,253
Buildings	5,108,231	123,247	-	-		5,231,478
Machinery and equipment	4,508,277	80,291	(11,947)	(399,027)		4,177,594
Vehicles	1,195,373	-	(34,101)	399,027		1,560,299
Roads, bridges and culverts	31,982,968	586,860	(1,628,131)	-		30,941,697
Water and sewer	11,911,225	-	-	-		11,911,225
Total \$	65,436,420	\$ 896,276	\$ (1,674,179)	\$ -	\$	64,658,517
	Balance at	 <del></del>				Balance at
Accumulated	December 31.					December 31.
Amortization	2019	Disposals	Amortization	Transfers		2020
	<del></del>	***************************************		 		
Land \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Land improvements	1,604,262	-	161,569	-		1,765,831
Buildings	1,772,432	-	131,924	-		1,904,356
Machinery and equipment	2,154,407	(11,761)	278,588	(69,777)		2,351,457
Vehicles	859,903	(34,101)	84,957	69,777		980,536
Roads, bridges and culverts	10,336,707	(1,400,731)	844,087	-		9,780,063
Water and sewer	5,253,529	•	219,337	-		5,472,866
Total \$	21,981,240	\$ (1,446,593)	\$ 1,720,462	\$ -	\$	22,255,109
	Net book value,	 			N	et book value,
	December 31,					December 31.
	2019	 	 	 		2020
Land \$	3,410,971				\$	3,410,971
Land improvements	5.715.113				~	5,659,422
Buildings	3,335,799					3,327,122
Machinery and equipment	2,353,870					1,826,137
Vehicles	335,470					579,763
Roads, bridges and culverts	21,646,261					21,161,634
Water and sewer	6,657,696					6,438,359
Total \$	43,455,180	 	 	 	\$	42,403,408

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2020

### 9. Tangible capital assets (continued):

	Balance at						Balance at
	December 31,						December 31,
Cost	2018		Additions		Disposals		2019
_and \$	3,410,971	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,410,971
_and improvements	7,134,563	Ψ	184,812	Ψ	<del>-</del>	Ψ	7,319,375
Buildings	5,093,290		14,941		-		5,108,231
Machinery and equipment	4,332,795		576,638		(401,156)		4,508,277
Vehicles	1,186,864		8,509		-		1,195,373
Roads, bridges and culverts	31,513,485		599,023		(129,540)		31,982,968
Water and sewer	11,787,134		124,091		-		11,911,225
Total \$	64,459,102	\$	1,508,014	\$	(530,696)	\$	65,436,420
	Balance at						Balance at
Accumulated	December 31,						December 31.
	2018		Disposals		Amortization		2019
Amortization	2010		Dispusais		Amorazation		2010
Land \$	-	\$	-	\$	<u></u>	\$	-
Land improvements	1,442,008		-		162,254		1,604,262
Buildings	1,685,356		-		87,076		1,772,432
Machinery and equipment	2,191,990		(334,474)		296,891		2,154,407
Vehicles	800,170		-		59,733		859,903
Roads, bridges and culverts	9,679,311		(129,540)		786,936		10,336,707
Water and sewer	5,035,433		-		218,096		5,253,529
Total \$	20,834,268	\$	(464,014)	\$	1,610,986	\$	21,981,240
	Net book value.						Net book value.
•						'	December 31,
	December 31,						•
	2018						2019
Land \$	3,410,971					\$	3,410,971
Land improvements	5,692,555						5,715,113
Buildings	3,407,934						3,335,799
Machinery and equipment	2,140,805						2,353,870
Vehicles	386,694						335,470
Roads, bridges and culverts	21,834,174						21,646,261
							0.057.000
Water and sewer	6,751,701						6,657,696

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 10. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus and reserves and reserve funds as follows:

		2020	2019
Surplus (deficit):			
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$	40,772,029 \$	41,392,454
General deficit	•	(779,079)	(1,000,044)
Unfunded:		(// 0,0/0/	(1,000,011)
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		(948,000)	(763,000)
Total surplus		39,044,950	39,629,410
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by Council:			
Landfill		1,803,451	1,659,103
Working capital		1,276,290	1,291,907
Capital acquisition		1,102,839	746,119
Nobel waterworks		699,651	697,801
Safe restart		124.337	-
Crawford septic system		70,715	67,257
Henvey Community		66,060	-
Building		45,554	45,554
Legal		38.678	38,023
Winter control		25,000	*
Waubamik Community Centre		16,253	16,253
Planning department		14,025	-
Elections		12,236	8,236
Recreation		(25,939)	9,061
		5,269,150	4,579,314
Accumulated surplus	\$	44,314,100 \$	44,208,724

#### 11. Contributions to unconsolidated joint boards:

The following contributions were made to these joint boards:

	2020	2019
District of Parry Sound Social Services Administration Board	\$ 329,707 \$	327,951
North Bay Parry Sound Health Unit	83,745	84,306
District of Parry Sound (West) Belvedere Heights	•	ŕ
Home for the Aged	117,618	117.006
Parry Sound Area Industrial Park	14,446	14,277
	\$ 545,516 \$	543,540

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 12. Pension agreements:

OMERS provides pension services to more than 500,000 active and retired members and approximately 1,000 employers. Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the "Plan") by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was conducted at December 31, 2020. The results of this valuation disclosed total going concern actuarial liabilities of \$113,055 million (2019 - \$107,687 million) in respect of benefits accrued for service with total going concern actuarial assets at that date of \$109,844 million (2019 - \$104,290 million) indicating a going concern actuarial deficit of \$3,211 million (2019 - \$3,397 million). Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees and the Authority's share is not determinable. As a result, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit.

The Municipality makes contributions to the OMERS on behalf of 27 members of its staff. The amount contributed to OMERS for 2020 was \$171,188 (2019 - \$153,475) for current service.

#### 13. Operations of school boards:

During the year, the following taxation revenue was raised and remitted to the school boards:

	2020	2019
Taxation	\$ 1,251,471	\$ 1,278,454

#### 14. Contingencies:

The Municipality is involved in claims and litigation in the normal course of operations. The outcome of these actions are not determinable and, accordingly, no amounts have been reflected in the accounts of the Municipality for this matter. Any settlements or awards will be recorded in the period they become determinable.

#### 15. Public sector salary disclosure:

During 2020, three employees were paid a salary, as defined in the Public Sector Salary Disclosure Act, 1996, of \$100,000 or more by the Municipality.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 16. Financial risks:

Other risk:

The Municipality's main sources of revenue are government operating grants, taxation revenues and user fees. In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This resulted in the Canadian and Provincial governments enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. The Municipality's closed certain facilities to the public based on recommendations from Public Health Ontario. When determined safe to do so, these facilities were reopened, with social distancing requirements and Public Health regulations followed.

In response to the adverse impact the pandemic has had on certain revenue streams, the Municipality has undertaken certain cost cutting measures. The Provincial government has provided financial relief in the form of Safe Restart funding totaling \$236,400. Of the \$236,400 received, \$124,337 has been reserved.

The impact of COVID-19 is expected to negatively impact operations for a duration that cannot be reasonably predicted. The further overall operational and financial impact is highly dependent on the duration of COVID-19, including the potential occurrence of additional waves of the pandemic, and could be affected by other factors that are currently not known at this time. Management is actively monitoring the effect of the pandemic on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the pandemic and the global responses to curb its spread, the Municipality is not able to fully estimate the effects of the pandemic on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity at this time.

#### 17. Segmented information:

The Municipality provides a range of services to its citizens, including police, fire, transportation, recreational and environmental. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by department. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

Municipal services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments that have been separately disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

- (a) General Government: includes corporate services and governance of the Municipality. General government is responsible for human resource management, support to Council for policy development, by-law development in compliance with the Municipal Act, tax billing and collection responsibilities, financial management reporting, monitoring and overall budget status is provided as well as frontline reception and customer service.
- (b) Protection to Persons and Property: includes policing, fire protection, protective inspection and control and emergency measures. The mandate of the police services contract is to ensure the safety of the lives and property of citizens; preserve peace and good order; prevent crimes from occurring; detect offenders; and enforce the law. Fire protection includes detection, extinguishing and suppression services; emergency medical first response; and prevention education and training programs. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers. Inspection and control includes building inspection, by-law enforcement and animal control services.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

#### 17. Segmented information (continued):

- (c) Transportation Services: this department provides the winter and summer maintenance, the repair and the construction of the municipal roads system including bridges and culverts.
- (d) Environmental Services: includes the management and maintenance of water system, landfill site, transfer stations, and the waste collection system and disposal system that serves the Municipality.
- (e) Health Services: includes the ambulance contract and public health services as well as the management and maintenance of cemeteries.
- (f) Social and Family Services: includes transfer to joint boards that provide general assistance, assistance to aged persons, child care and social housing.
- (g) Recreation and Cultural Services: provides recreation and leisure programs and facilities, including community halls, libraries, parks, recreation fields and arena. It also provides building maintenance services to all municipal facilities.
- (h) Planning and Development: manages rural development for business interest, environmental concerns, heritage matters, local neighbourhoods and community development. It facilitates economic development by providing services for the approval of all land development plans, the application and enforcement of the zoning by-law and official plan, and the provision of geographic information services.

For each segment separately reported in the schedule below, the segment revenue and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. These municipal services are funded primarily by taxation such as property tax revenue. Taxation and payments-in-lieu of taxes are apportioned to these services based on the net surplus. Certain government transfers, transfer from other funds, and other revenue have been apportioned based on a percentage of budgeted expenses.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Note 17 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

	General Government	Protection to Persons and Property	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2020 Total
Revenues:									
Fees and user charges	\$ 120,356	170,214	190,549	1,518,750	_	_	337	- 3	2,000,206
Government grants	445,778	50,000	751,175	74,634	_	_	106.037	_ `	1,427,624
Investment income	34,362	· <u>.</u>	-	-	_	_	-	_	34.362
Other	148,467	5,190	_	_	_	_	_	_	153,657
Loss on disposal of tangible									100,001
capital assets	-	(288)	(226,732)	-	-	-	_	_	(227,020
	748,963	225,116	714,992	1,593,384	-	-	106,374	-	3,388,829
Expenses:									
Salaries, wages and benefits	781,016	396,873	559.596	610,269	_	_	142,180	_	2.489.934
Interest on long term debt	-	· <del>-</del>	45,829	453	-	-	142,700	_	46,282
Materials	177,425	207,938	577,713	759.853	_	_	70,475	_	1.793.404
Contracted services	142,255	34,175	75,290	63,405	-	-	-	36,670	351.795
Transfer to other governments				,				00,070	331,730
and the public	-	512,966	_	_	309,219	447,325	58,095	11,500	1,339,105
Amortization of tangible capital assets	45,848	97,177	1,042,790	448,314	-	-	86,333	-	1,720,462
	1,146,544	1,249,129	2,301,218	1,882,294	309,219	447,325	357,083	48,170	7,740,982
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	(397,581)	(1,024,013)	(1,586,226)	(288,910)	(309,219)	(447,325)	(250,709)	(48,170)	(4,352,153
Funded through:									
Taxation									
I AAAUUII									4,457,529
Annual surplus				****	- ***	···		\$	105,376

Note 17 - Segmented Information (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

	General Government	Protection to Persons and Property	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2019 Total
						****			
Revenues:								_	
Fees and user charges	111,253	130,992	80,156	1,407,809	-	-	8,840	- \$	
Government grants	828,793	10,000	711,461	160,700	-	-	259,511	-	1,970,465
Investment income	63,695	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	63,695
Other	91,430	11,076	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,506
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible									
capital assets	-	-	-	(14,757)		-	-	-	(14,757)
Suprair documents	1,095,171	152,068	791,617	1,553,752	-	<u>.</u>	268,351	<b></b>	3,860,959
Expenses:							450.045		2.392.629
Salaries, wages and benefits	754,307	344,462	573,461	561,384	-	-	159,015	-	54,636
Interest on long term debt	-	-	54,291	345	-	-	400.045	-	2,206,249
Materials	222,998	177,486	775,551	907,299	-	-	122,915	-	338,964
Contracted services	137,302	29,830	91,909	52,379	-	-	•	27,544	330,904
Transfer to other governments							50.000	44.500	4 220 204
and the public	-	511,096	-	-	302,059	444,957	59,669	11,500	1,329,281
Amortization of tangible capital assets	8,077	96,281	983,893	447,192	-		75,543	-	1,610,986
	1,122,684	1,159,155	2,479,105	1,968,599	302,059	444,957	417,142	39,044	7,932,745
Surplus (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	(27,513)	(1,007,087)	(1,687,488)	(414,847)	(302,059)	(444,957)	(148,791)	(39,044)	(4,071,786
Funded through:									
Taxation									4,320,031
Annual surplus	<u> </u>		·····					Ş	248,245